

Compressive Load Capacity of Concrete Masonry

APRIL 2018

This data sheet has been prepared by the Concrete Masonry Association of Australia for use by qualified and experienced structural engineers. The information is based on limit state design and is applicable specifically to concrete masonry with properties as set out in Clause 1 and loads set out in Clause 2.

1 Masonry Properties

The design tables are based on masonry components with the following properties:

- Masonry units having a characteristic unconfined compressive strength (f'_{uc}), for units with faceshell bed, of 15.0 MPa and for units with fullbedding, of 10 MPa when tested in accordance with AS/NZS 4456.4.
- Mortar is of type M3 (or refer Table 5.1 AS 3700 if required for durability) ie, for type M3, either a C1:L1:S6 mix or a C1:S5 mix plus methyl cellulose water thickener or equivalent.
- In accordance with AS 3700 (2018), the design characteristic compressive strength of grout (f'_{cg}) shall not be less than 12 MPa.
Note: This factsheet assumes a grout strength of 20MPa, although under AS 3700 (2018), grout strengths of 25MPa, 32MPa, 40MPa, and 50MPa are able to be used with the unit strengths specified in this factsheet.

Where possible pre-mixed grout should be used and, when ordering, specified that it is for grouting blockwork incorporating reinforcement; a minimum cement content of 300 kg/m³ is required. If the grout is to be site-mixed, it should be mixed in a tilting drum paddle mixer and must flow freely without separation of the aggregate. The aggregate should be rounded gravel where available and preferably 5 mm to 10 mm in size. The following proportions should be used:

Cement	1 part
Hydrated lime	up to 1/10 part
Mortar sand	3 parts
Aggregate	2 parts

- Reinforcement is to be N-grade with a yield strength (f_{sy}) of 500 MPa.

2 Design Basis

The loads, load combinations and load factors are in accordance with:

- AS/NZS 1170.0 *General Principles*
- AS/NZS 1170.1 *Permanent, imposed and other actions*
- AS/NZS 1170.2 *Wind actions*.

The design properties and strength-reduction factors are in accordance with AS 3700 *Masonry structures*.

3 Compressive Load Capacity

The compressive load capacity (Table 1) has been derived using slenderness reduction factors given in Australian Standard AS 3700 2018, Clause 7.3.3 *Design by simple rules*. Slenderness-reduction factors for three load conditions have been used to generate the load capacities in Table 1 for various wall types and heights.

The values are all based on walls being unreinforced in compression.

Table 1 gives values of:

h_u	= height of unit (from which the value of k_h is determined)	
A_b	= bedded area of masonry unit (m ² /m)	
f'_{mb}	= basic characteristic compressive strength of masonry for a ratio of masonry unit height to mortar joint thickness of 7.6	
k_h	= compressive strength factor from Table 3.2 of AS 3700 for a ratio of masonry unit height to mortar joint thickness for other than 7.6	
f'_m	= characteristic compressive strength of masonry (MPa)	
	= $k_h f'_{mb}$	cl.3.3.2
F_o	= basic compressive capacity (kN/m)	
	= $\Phi f'_m A_b$ for ungrouted walls	cl 7.3.2(1)
	= $\Phi \left[f'_m A_b + k_c \left(\frac{f'_{cg}}{1.3} \right)^{(0.55+0.005 f'_{cg})} A_g \right]$	
	for grouted walls	cl 7.3.2(2)

Where: Φ = 0.5 Hollow T4.1
 = 0.6 Grouted hollow T4.1
 = 0.75 Solid or Cored T4.1

k_c = 1.4 for masonry density > 2000 kg/m³
 f'_{cg} = 20 MPa
 F_d = maximum design compressive strength (kN/m)
 = $k F_o$

Where: k = reduction factor for slenderness and eccentricity
 from Table 7.1 of AS 3700.

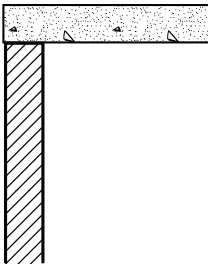
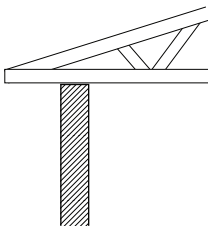
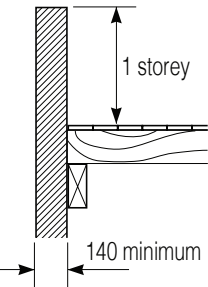
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Remember, when working with cement and concrete/mortar or manufactured or prefabricated concrete products, ALWAYS follow the manufacturer's instructions and seek advice about working safely with the products from the manufacturer, your nearest WorkCover Authority or Worksafe Australia.

TABLE 1 Wall Properties and Compressive Load Capacity

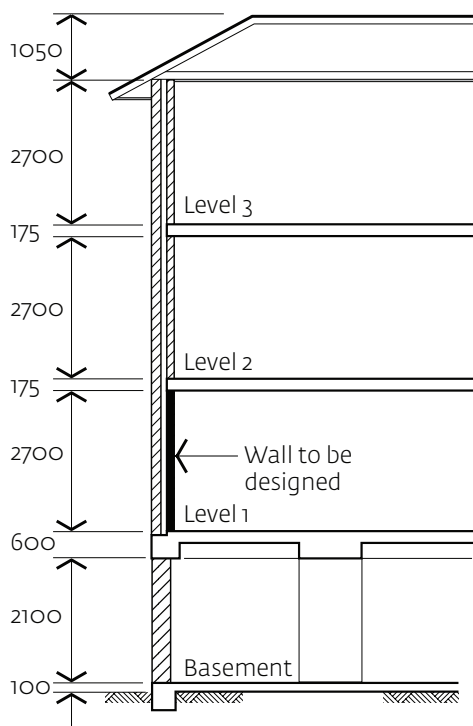
Property	WALL PROPERTIES											
	Wall thickness, t_w (mm)											
	90		110			140		190			290	
Unit type												
	10.01	Brick	Double Brick	12.01	Cored Block	15.01	15.01 grouted	15.801	20.01	20.01 grouted	30.925	30.925 grouted
Φ	0.5	0.75	0.75	0.5	0.75	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6
h_u (mm)	190	76	162	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190
A_b (m ² /m)	0.05	0.110	0.110	0.06	0.110	0.06	0.06	0.084	0.060	0.06	0.08	0.08
f'_{uc} (MPa)	15	10	10	15	10	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
f'_{cg} (MPa)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
f'_{mb} (MPa)	6.20	4.43	4.43	6.20	4.40	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20
k_h	1.30	1.00	1.24	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
f'_m (MPa)	8.06	4.43	5.49	8.06	5.72	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06
F_o (kN/m)	201	365	454	242	472	242	687	339	242	936	322	1429

WALL COMPRESSIVE LOAD CAPACITY, F_d (kN/m)

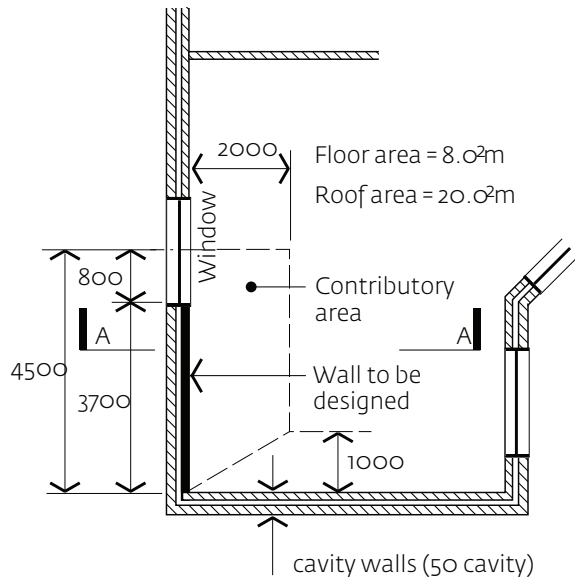
Load Type (see table 7.1 AS 3700)	Unit thickness / Masonry unit Type / Compressive Capacity AS 3700 (2018) KN/m												
Wall design height (mm)	90		110			140		190			290		
Concrete slab on wall	10.01	Brick	Double Brick	12.01	Cored Block	15.01	15.01 grouted	15.801	20.01	20.01 grouted	30.925	30.925 grouted	
	900	135	245	304	162	316	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	1200	135	245	304	162	316	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	1500	124	245	304	162	316	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	1800	-	228	282	176	294	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	2100	-	-	-	-	-	157	447	220	162	627	216	958
	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	417	-	162	627	216	958
	2700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	161	623	216	958	
	3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	593	216	958	
	3300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564	216	958	
	3600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	216	958	
	4200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	944	
	4800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	885	
	900	135	245	304	162	316	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	1200	118	237	293	157	305	162	461	227	162	627	216	958
	1500	101	212	262	140	273	158	448	221	162	627	216	958
	1800	-	187	232	-	241	145	411	203	162	627	216	958
	2100	-	-	-	-	-	132	375	184	156	602	216	958
	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	338	-	146	565	216	958
	2700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	528	216	958	
	3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	491	213	945	
	3300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454	205	908	
	3600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197	871	
	4200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	798	
	4800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	724	
	900	-	-	-	-	-	16	46	23	16	63	22	96
	1200	-	-	-	-	-	16	46	23	16	63	22	96
	1500	-	-	-	-	-	16	46	23	16	63	22	96
	1800	-	-	-	-	-	16	46	23	16	63	22	96
	2100	-	-	-	-	-	16	45	22	16	63	22	96
	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	16	63	22	96
	2700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	62	22	96	
	3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	22	96	
	3300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	22	96	
	3600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	96	
	4200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	94	
	4800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	
	5400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	

4 Worked Examples

The purpose of the following worked example is to demonstrate the steps to be followed when performing manual calculations or when preparing computer software for the analysis and design of masonry.



SECTION A-A



PART PLAN AT LEVEL 1

The worked example is not intended to analyse or design all parts of the particular structure. It deals only with enough to demonstrate the design method.

MASONRY PROPERTIES

Note: All clause and table references to AS 3700 2018.

Width of masonry unit

$$t_u = 190 \text{ mm}$$

Face-shell thickness

$$t_{fs} = 30 \text{ mm}$$

Bedded area

$$\begin{aligned} A_b &= 2 t_{fs} l && 4.5.4 \\ &= 2 \times 30 \times 1000 \\ &= 60,000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

Block height

$$h_u = 190 \text{ mm}$$

Mortar joint thickness

$$t_j = 10 \text{ mm}$$

Height ratio

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{h_u}{t_j} &= \frac{190}{10} \\ &= 19.0 \end{aligned}$$

Compressive strength factor

$$k_h = 1.3 \quad \text{Table 3.2}$$

Masonry factor for face-shell bedded concrete units

$$k_m = 1.6 \quad \text{Table 3.1}$$

Mortar type M3 (1:0.5)+ water thickener

Area of grout cross section

$$A_c = 0 \text{ UngROUTED walls}$$

Characteristic unconfined unit strength

$$f'_{uc} = 15 \text{ MPa}$$

Characteristic confined masonry strength

$$\begin{aligned} f'_{mb} &= k_m \sqrt{f'_{uc}} && 3.3.2(a)(i) \\ &= 1.6 \sqrt{15} \\ &= 6.20 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Characteristic unconfined masonry strength

$$\begin{aligned} f'_m &= k_h f'_{mb} && 3.3.2(a)(i) \\ &= 1.3 \times 6.20 \\ &= 8.06 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

NOTE: This wall is not grouted. Where grout is used elsewhere, it is specified as:

Characteristic grout cylinder strength

$$\begin{aligned} f'_c &= 20 \text{ MPa} \\ &> 12 \text{ MPa} && 11.7.3 \end{aligned}$$

Design characteristic grout strength

$$f'_{cg} = 20 \text{ MPa}$$

Cont...

Capacity reduction factor
 $\phi = 0.5$ Table 4.1
 Density factor
 $k_c = 1.4$ for density 2180
 $> 2000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 7.3.2

Basic compressive capacity 7.3.2(2)
 $F_o = \phi f'_m A_b$
 $= 0.5 \times 8.06 \times 60,000$
 $= 242 \text{ kN/m}$

DESIGN BY SIMPLIFIED RULES 7.3.3

Vertical slenderness coefficient (supports slab)
 $a_v = 1.0$ 7.3.3.4(1)

Clear height
 $H = 2.70 \text{ m}$

Clear length
 $L = 3.70 \text{ m}$

Thickness coefficient (no engaged piers)
 $k_t = 1.0$ Table 7.2

Slenderness ratio

$$S_{rs} = \frac{a_v H}{k_t t} \quad 7.3.3.4(1)$$

$$= \frac{1.0 \times 2700}{1.0 \times 190}$$

$$= 14.21$$

Slenderness and eccentricity factor

$$k = 0.67 - 0.02 (S_{rs} - 14) \quad 7.3.3.3(a)(i)$$

$$= 0.67 - 0.02 (14.21 - 14)$$

$$= 0.666 \quad \text{or from Table 7.1}$$

Design capacity

$$F_o = k F_o \quad 7.3.3.2$$

$$= 0.666 \times 242$$

$$= 162 \text{ kN/m}$$

NOTE: If design capacity above is not sufficient to meet actual design loads, higher compressive capacity may be achieved using the Refined Calculation method. Refer to 7.3.4